

# SITE NAME: JONKERSHOEK KRAMAT

LANDSCAPE UNIT NUMBER: D02  
 LANDSCAPE UNIT GRADE: Grade II

## ADDRESS OF THE SITE

PROPERTY NO  
 SITE ADDRESS Jonkershoek Road  
 CURRENT USE Grave  
 ORIGINAL USE Grave

## PROTECTION AND GRADING

Curr.NHRA Protection S36  
 >60YRS? **Yes**  
 PROPOSED GRADING Grade IIIa

## MAP



## LATITUDE/LONGITUDE

-33.96801637 18.93647374



## SIGNIFICANCE

Associational	High	Representivity	High
Age	Medium	Rarity	High
Scientific	Medium	Archaeology	Low
Symbolic	High	Intangible	None
Architectural	Low		

## ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

## ARCHITECT/BUILDER

## SITE DESCRIPTION

Kramat situated amongst the remnant plantation in the Jonkershoek Reserve, marked by masonry structure with platform and headstone. It is still an active ceremonial place.

## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

This site is one of the characteristic kramat sites within the Western Cape. It is still an active spiritual site though its history is still to be ascertained. It has high historical, social, spiritual, religious and community significance. It is rare, and may have an association with the history of slavery at the Cape. According to Pistorius & Harris (2004): The CNC History reports, without citing evidence, that "Near the homestead, where the two streams converge, are a number of Malay graves. These graves were made by tunnelling into the banks of the stream: each body was buried individually, together with a pot of rice. The Malays were mostly liberated slaves." We explored the steep bank of Assegaiboskloof stream but were unable to find any trace of these in the thick undergrowth.

## INTERIOR DESCRIPTION

## GROUPING WITH OTHER SITES

Potential that followers are buried nearby; flowing water part of site.

## EVIDENCE OF DEMOLITION

## SITE HISTORY

## LANDSCAPE SIGNIFICANCE

## CONTEXTUAL DESIGN

View over the valley towards the Hottentotsholland mountains.

## INVASIVE ELEMENTS

## HERITAGE VULNERABILITY